

BRITISH EXPERT SEES END OF HIGH PRICES

Paish Believes Conditions Will
Chiefly Benefit Wage Earn-
ers of East.

TALKS OF MEXICAN CRISIS

Thinks Pacification Will Be
Bigger Job Than England
Had With Boers.

George Paish, editor of the *Statist*, an interview at the Brixton station yesterday, discussed the Mexican situation and described how the American idea of equal opportunities for all men had helped England.

George has been in New York for about two weeks studying financial conditions. He has talked with business men and financiers. His belief is that the financial and industrial situation here is sound. His reasons for thinking that a reduction of the cost of living is on the way were set forth to a reporter for *THE SUN* as follows:

"The people of the East and West have had the same degree of good fortune. The big rise in prices a few years ago was a cause of great good fortune to the farmer, but it was not beneficial to the whole or other classes of wage earners. The great increase in the cost of living was due to the great rise in the cost of food stuffs, raw textiles and other natural products, so that the prosperity of the farmer meant the detriment of wage earners in industrial lines.

"These classes of wage earners are now in for a share of good fortune. A moderate reduction in the cost of living is on the way. The rise in the cost of living came from the remarkably good credit the world enjoyed in the past ten years and the greatly increased consumption of nations that were able to borrow more than they had ever been able to borrow before. In fact, the world's demand for goods is so great that it greatly exceeds the supply. That situation has now been modified.

Predicts Drop in Prices.

"Many countries are experiencing great difficulty in satisfying their need for capital and very little new work is being undertaken anywhere in the world. This means that for a time, at any rate, the demand for goods and the consumption of many countries will be reduced, and there is a probability that the supply of goods will be in excess of the demand. The price of commodities will fall therefore.

"How soon this condition of things will become apparent cannot be predicted with certainty, as new demands for capital which must be satisfied may arise. For example, if the Mexican situation were to develop and trouble were to arise between the United States and Mexico, large orders would have to be placed for clothing, munitions of war and other things needed by a great army and a fresh stimulus would be given in this country to trade and consumption.

"But, failing such conditions, the reduction of prices in Europe and the economies of young countries which have borrowed so heavily in recent years cannot fail to bring reduced consumption. And reduced consumption will bring in its train a fall in the price of commodities and reduced cost of living.

"As far as this country is concerned, such conditions would not be to the advantage of the East as much as to the West, as the latter has derived greater benefit in proportion than the former from the rise of prices in the last ten or fifteen years.

Advantage for the East.

"Of course the East would in some degree suffer from a reduced demand for manufactured goods, but on the other hand the incomes from interest, services and even from the manufacture of goods would give the East a greater relative consuming power. It is, however, highly improbable that prices will fall to anything like the level they reached in the '90s.

"As far as can be seen the reaction in the world's trade will be a moderate one, and the great accumulation of gold which will probably result will soon tend to restore confidence and make for expansion in trade and consumption after a relatively short period of rest and recuperation.

"Sir George had just finished reading Premier Asquith's statement at the Lord Mayor's banquet in London that Great Britain would not interfere with this country's policy toward Mexico. He approved heartily of Mr. Asquith's speech.

"It was just what I hoped he would say," he said. "The relations of Great Britain and the United States have grown more friendly. As we realize to day, as we never realized before, that the thoughts and aspirations of the people of the two countries are in a great measure identical and that we have a bond of sentiment cementing our two peoples closer even than the ties of blood which united them in the days when the two countries were part of the same empire.

"This is due, not to any change of sentiment in the United States, not to any change of point of view by the United States, but to the acceptance of the point of view by the people of Great Britain. The people of the United States now stand for all of those things which we ourselves have now come to stand for—liberty of the subject, the desire to promote human welfare not only in our own country but in every other country and a desire that every man should have greater opportunities for self-realization than he has ever enjoyed."

England Has Been Americanized.

"Sir George thinks that England has been Americanized in certain very helpful ways. "I mean," he said, "that your notions of equal opportunities for all men have greatly influenced my country. There was a time when we had no prosperous middle class, when we had only the very poor and the very poor. Then it was extremely difficult for a man to get ahead, to reach independence of fortune."

"Now it is different. Seeing how successful the American equality of opportunities idea has worked out, our people have come to see how valuable a national life it is to give all citizens a chance to get ahead in the world."

"The English editor found the Mexican situation rather ticklish to discuss. He felt that as an outsider he was pretty much in the same position as an individual that his country was in as a nation. The Mexican problem was none of his business and that officers might easily be given where none was intended. He spoke of opinion as he had found it here among business men with whom he had talked."

"Four business men estimate that a



war with Mexico will cost a thousand million dollars unless the United States is very lucky indeed," he said. "The standard of business and of great interests one can hardly quarrel with the view that many of them expressed to me, that Mexico has been a long time and that it might have been better to let the present dictator take his course. However, your business men are sturdy fellows and if war comes they will be found earnestly supporting the Government."

Found Others Enthusiastic.

"Among a few men to whom I talked I found an entire approval of President Wilson's policy. These men believe that the power of the United States is founded not on dollars but on character, and that any country would fall from its high ideal if it permitted unprincipled murder and plunder in the course of its next-door neighbor. They believe that a nation cannot stand on one side while crimes against civilization are being committed."

"They believe that any other policy than the one which has been adopted by our Government would be contrary to the fundamental principle of the United States and of the country itself. The whole world knows by this time that the United States is a man of the highest ideal. It would be utterly impossible for him to close his eyes to wrongs or to be inactive on the score of practicality."

"Many of us abroad have that feeling about the United States as a country that you are a people of the highest ideals and that it cannot be imagined that you would tolerate such conditions as exist in Mexico merely because of a possible cost in lives."

"There is an argument that Mexico is incapable of self-government, that dictators are necessary. But how do countries ever learn to govern themselves unless the opportunity is given to them?"

"From the experience of history it is as unlikely that Huerta will step down any more than Paul Kruger would admit the sovereignty of Great Britain. I rather fancy that the pacification of Mexico will be a bigger job than the Philippine or South African businesses. Perhaps it would be better to have intervention sooner, if it is necessary, than to delay it for years."

"One might say that years from now the United States will have grown so powerful that no country will want to fight you but all countries fight when their sovereignty is threatened or when they are swayed by patriotism."

"The policy of intervention is perfectly simple. As we are not, as you are, in a position to make Mexico believe, it was our duty to recognize the de facto Government, not because that Government returned to a condition of constitutional government without further bloodshed."

"If the United States purposes to establish a better government, I do not believe the English people will feel resentment. Of course I am still not without hope that a peaceful way will be found out of the trouble and that Mexico will return to a condition of constitutional government without further bloodshed."

"Sir George said that he expected to sail for England on the 16th, after visiting several cities in the East."

E. A. MAGGIE NOT IN WRECK.

California Left Rotterdam Nov. 8 for New York.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, Nov. 11.—E. A. MAGGIE, of California, who was reported to have been killed in the wreck of the *Paris-Marseille Express* near Melun, where thirty passengers lost their lives, left Rotterdam on November 8 for New York.

DENIES HONDURAS IS HOSTILE.

Consul-General Diaz Says Country Is Friendly to U.S.

R. Camilo Diaz, Consul-General from Honduras, called at *THE SUN* office yesterday to protest against the statement made at Mobile, Ala., on Monday by Dr. W. K. Piner, who had just returned from Honduras, that the sentiment in Honduras is anti-American over the Mexican trouble and that conditions in Honduras are unsettled.

"Dr. Piner cannot know what he is talking about," the Consul-General said. "Americans are welcomed in Honduras. The country is friendly to the United States and to the present Administration. It is absurd for Dr. Piner to say that an American school teacher was driven from the country because our Government did not approve of him."

"As to the Mexican situation we are neutral."

MORE OFFERS TO LLOYD GEORGE.

Coal Land Owners Would Sell Him Property at His Own Price.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 11.—Emulating the Duke of Sutherland and others, the Low Moor coal land owners and the masters of Bradford, has made an offer to Mr. Lloyd George in order to disprove the statement made recently by the Chancellor of the Exchequer that urban lands were being wilfully withheld or offered at unreasonable prices and that this was forcing small farmers to emigrate from Great Britain.

The Low Moor Company offers to sell to the Government at the market value 200 acres of land within the city of Bradford.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

TOKYO.—Emperor Yoshihito witnessed a review of fifty-five Japanese warships at the naval station at Yokosuka. The vessels then carried out a series of exercises in his presence. The Emperor announced his intention of making a personal review of the entire Japanese fleet every year.

PEKING.—The Chinese troops have evidently suffered a severe defeat by the Mongolians, according to a letter from Kalgan, near the Mongolian border. The writer says the Chinese lost 5,000 killed. Hundreds of wounded soldiers are arriving in Kalgan.

BREKID.—Prison sentence of a fortnight for starting at a policeman was imposed on a business man of this city. The court said the defendant had been guilty of a most serious insult to an official.

TOKYO.—President Lowell of Harvard University and Col. Theodore Roosevelt will be asked by the Harvard Club of Japan to come here and make addresses.

ROME.—Official announcement was made of the appointment of Mr. Edward Kozłowski of St. Stanislaus Church, Jag City, Mich., as titular Bishop of Gormia, in Asia Minor, and auxiliary Bishop of the diocese of Milwaukee.

"Four business men estimate that a

MOVEMENT IN DUMA FOR KIEFF RETRIAL

Demands Made That Mystery of
Yushinsky Murder
Be Solved.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR JEWS

Bill Introduced in Chamber for
That Purpose—Mendel
Beilis Released.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

St. PETERSBURG, Nov. 11.—It is reported here that lobbyists are active in the Duma, an effort to obtain a revision of the Kieff trial, which ended in a verdict of guilty labor world. The House of Commons was ordered by the Cabinet to approve the proceedings of the Kieff trial, and Mr. Lloyd George and it instantly obeyed, the House of Commons voting 141 to 115.

Mr. Shingareff, a Constitutional Democrat, introduced today in the Duma a resolution urging the appointment of a committee to draft a bill conferring to all Russian subjects equal rights before the law.

Amid cheers from the liberals and angry protests from the Conservatives, Mr. Shingareff declared that the present jury of Kieff alone had saved Russia from disaster, yet the peasants were subordinated everywhere in rights as compared to the vast bureaucratic population, whose political fanaticism sought to fasten religious fanaticism upon the Jews.

KIEFF, Nov. 11.—The streets of Kieff were filled today with a great demonstration prepared to suppress any anti-Jewish outbreaks occurring from the Beilis trial. So far there has been no disturbance and the authorities believe they will be able to maintain peace. Nevertheless, there are many anti-Semitic agitators in the city ready to seize upon any opportunity to cause trouble. Any disorders, it has been announced, will be put down with an iron hand.

Beilis was quietly released from prison late yesterday. He was taken, under an escort, to the Zaitoff Bank Works, where he was employed before his arrest, and there met the members of his family and a small number of friends. The entire party passed the night in the house of the superintendent of the brick works on the latter's invitation.

BEILIS MAY GET A FARM.

Provision Will Be Made Here for Him for Life.

If Mendel Beilis comes to America he will not have to go on the lecture platform to make a living. The board of directors of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, 229 East Broadway, met last night and adopted a resolution which provided that the society would offer to house Mendel Beilis and his family for life.

Further than this, the directors pledged themselves to contribute to a fund which will be large enough to prevail upon him not to accept offers from managers. Judge Sanders called to a Jewish congregation on Sunday night known to Beilis the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society's willingness to care for him in case he comes to America. The directors of the home felt that it would be a degradation to the race for Beilis to make capital out of his trial and for that reason are willing to assure him of a comfortable future.

It is probable that if Beilis comes to America and accepts an offer of aid, it will be in the form of a farm large enough to support him handsomely.

Bernard Weinstein, secretary of the United Hebrew Trades, said that the Shuberts have offered the free use of the Hippodrome for a meeting to celebrate the acquittal of Mendel Beilis.

CELEBRATE BEILIS VERDICT.

Prominent Rabbis of Passaic Denounce Russian Authorities.

PASSAIC, N. J., Nov. 11.—Twenty prominent rabbis and business men of Passaic held a dinner to-night at Gruber's Casino in celebration of Mendel Beilis' acquittal. The charge of anti-Semitism against the speakers were Elias Gruber, the Rev. Mendel Chapter, the Rev. Joseph Perlmutter, the Rev. Jesse Lobenz and the Rev. Morris Hammer.

The speakers denounced the action of the Russian authorities in having brought a charge of ritual murder in these days of enlightenment. They expressed gratification that Beilis had been acquitted and that even in Russia it was impossible to find a basis for such charges.

ARGENTINE COPYRIGHT LAW.

France, Italy and Spain Agree to Reciprocal Arrangement.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 11.—The Argentine copyright law which gives to foreigners in Argentina the same rights as to citizens of the republic has been taken advantage of by the Argentine Government in the arrangement by France, Italy and Spain.

For several years the American and British magazines have been used in this country as though they were printed for private circulation. Stories by the dozen pages and continued stories are at this time being used by leading monthly publications without a sign of credit.

That the publishers of the United States may be able to take advantage of the liberal provisions of this law it is necessary that Argentine authors be granted the same rights there as Americans would receive here, or it will be effected by treaty in accordance with the international convention.

ABOLISH CHINESE ASSEMBLY.

Such Is Plan of Administration Which Would Substitute Congress.

PEKING, Nov. 11.—Peking newspapers credited with being in close touch with the Administration predicted today that a way out of the present parliamentary situation will be found in the practical abolition of the Chinese Parliament, its place being taken by a central administrative Congress made up of representatives from each province, a representative from each Ministry of the Government and eight members from the Presidential secretariat. Such a plan would give the Government control over all important matters.

The present Chinese Parliament met first on April 8. Since then neither house has been able to get a quorum of its members together owing to intrigues and expulsions from Peking of many members. President Yuan Shih-kai expelled 200 members of the Shuankwang from the capital on November 5. This action was attributed to attempts of the party to curtail the power of the President.

GOLD ORDERS CANCELLED.

New York May Later Take Some of the \$3,500,000 Offered.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 11.—American gold orders placed in the market this morning were cancelled later owing to the recovery of the New York exchange.

Of the \$3,500,000 worth of gold offered today took \$750,000 and the balance of \$2,750,000. It is believed that New York will take some more before the end of the week.

TEMPTATION TOO STRONG.

Hunger Striker Loses Nerve in Presence of Two Bottles of Stout.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. DUBLIN, Nov. 11.—The fortitude of a strike leader named Mullen, who had begun a hunger strike, broke down today when he was left alone in his cell with two bottles of stout within easy reach.

The prisoner lost his nerve in drinking the contents of both bottles.

BROKERS' FIRM SUSPENDED.

London Dealers Suffer as Result of Marconi Scandal.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 12.—The three senior partners of the brokerage firm of Heybourn & Croft were suspended for five years yesterday by order of the Committee of the London Stock Exchange which has been investigating alleged improper handling of American Marconi stock. Other brokers who were connected with the transactions, including Grenfell & Co., were freed of blame in the report of the committee, which was posted yesterday morning. Their explanations were accepted by the committee and the committee's belief was expressed that they had acted in good faith.

Mr. Heybourn visited the United States last October. He is managing director of the Marconi Company and brother of Sir Rufus Isaacs, the new Lord Chief Justice, at the time the negotiations between the American and British Marconi companies were being closed.

The *Financial News* sympathizes with the three suspended brokers. It is a severe punishment for a technical offence, says that paper, "while the Lord Chief Justice has been fortunate enough to secure the exoneration of the whole party, the House of Commons to approve the proceedings of Sir Rufus Isaacs and Mr. Lloyd George and it instantly obeyed, the House of Commons voting 141 to 115."

Mr. Heybourn had no House of Commons to stand between him and the hurricane. It is better to be a politician than a jobber."

T. R. MAKES GOOD IMPRESSION.

Friendship Toward U. S. Increased by Roosevelt's Speech.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 11.—A profound impression of friendship toward the United States has been created by the speech made yesterday by Col. Roosevelt in which he said that Argentina no longer needed the protection of the Monroe Doctrine, but had now become a sponsor of that doctrine together with the United States.

Col. Roosevelt attended the international congress on the Tago River this afternoon and later attended the presentation of a statue of Gen. Sheridan at the Army Club. Tonight he was the guest of honor at a reception at the club, after which he went to the theatre.

WILSON WEDDING CAKE

Will Be Ready Nov. 21

It Will Weigh 135 Pounds and Be Three Feet High When Finished.

The Wilson wedding cake after more than two weeks of planning and preparing is to be finished on November 21. The day before the wedding, Mrs. Wilson is to be the guest of honor at a dinner given by the Wilsons at the home to make provision for Beilis and his family for life.

Further than this, the directors pledged themselves to contribute to a fund which will be large enough to prevail upon him not to accept offers from managers. Judge Sanders called to a Jewish congregation on Sunday night known to Beilis the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society's willingness to care for him in case he comes to America.

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HOUSE'S GIFT TO MISS WILSON.

A Diamond Necklace With a Pendant Having 86 Stones.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—A more detailed description of the wedding gift which will be presented to Miss Jessie Wilson, daughter of the President by the House of Representatives, was made public today.

The committee appointed to make the selection formally announced that it has chosen a necklace with a diamond pendant. The pendant is a pear-shaped diamond, eight-fifths of an inch in length, with one large canary diamond in the center. The center stone weighs six and one-quarter carats.

The smaller diamonds are set around the large stone in concentric rings built up of delicate lacework and mounted in platinum. The contrasting colors of the blue white in the small diamonds and the brilliant yellow in the canary diamond gives the jewel distinction and beauty.

The neck chain is also set with diamonds in delicate platinum work. The gift will include in addition to the diamond ornament a handsome jewel box on which will appear the following engraved inscription:

Presented to Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson by the members of the United States House of Representatives as a token of their affectionate interest and regard for her marriage, November 25, 1913.

The gift to Miss Wilson was designed by a local firm of jewelers.

OFFERS RIFLES TO MILITANTS.

German Dealer Said to Have Unlimited Supply for Sale.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 12.—According to the *Daily Mail's* Berlin correspondent, a German dealer in arms and munitions of war, understanding that the English suffragettes are contemplating a "stronger organization," has offered to sell to the militants an unlimited quantity of repeating rifles at 45 marks (£13) apiece.

Three serious outrages were attributed to the militant suffragettes yesterday, the worst being the throwing of a bomb into the cactus house in Alexandria, Egypt, Manchester. Considerable damage was done.

The two other outrages were fires. The pavilions of the Bournemouth Tennis and Bowling clubs at Clifton and the Bogbrook mansion at Frensham were fired, and before adequate assistance could be summoned both structures were destroyed.

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AMERICAN SAILORS ROBBED BY COMRADE

Musical and \$12,000 Given
Him for Special Train
Are Missing.

TRIP TO ROME ABANDONED

Ambassador Page Will Give Big
Entertainment for
Officers.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

ROME, Nov. 11.—The Italian police are looking today for a former musician on the United States battleship *Utah*, who has disappeared with \$12,000 given to him by about 1,000 American blue-jackets who desired to make a trip to Rome on a special train. The blue-jackets belong to the American battleships *Utah* and *Delaware*, now at Villefranche, and to the *Vermont* and *Ohio*, at Marsailles.

The missing man was recommended to the sailors by Chaplain Redney of the *Utah*. Chaplain Redney is now in Rome with American naval officers and blue-jackets. It was arranged with the sailors to hire a special train for the sailors.

Ambassador Page will give a dinner shortly in honor of Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger and the other officers of the American warships now in Italian waters. Mr. Page has purposely moved to the Hotel Excelsior in order to have apartments large enough for extensive entertainments and to enable the American visitors to meet the Italian officers.

Navies, Nov. 11.—The police of the Abruzzi, who intended to bring his squadron of two Italian warships to meet the American warships here, but received fresh instructions ordering him to proceed to Spezzia, has sent a telegram to Rear Admiral Winslow expressing regret at not being able to meet his American colleagues. The Duke expected at first to come here as the order sending him to Spezzia was cancelled, but he has now received fresh orders instructing him to proceed with his squadron to the Ligean at once.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 11.—Rear Admiral Badger's flagship *Wyandott* sailed from here for Naples this morning.

MARIE COURTENAY DIVORCED.

Marie Lloyd's Daughter Gets Decree in London Court.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 11.—Marie Courténay, the singer, who is a daughter of Marie Lloyd, obtained a divorce to-day from George Aspin on the grounds of desertion and misconduct.

The plaintiff said her husband is a fool and is living abroad. She charged that he had conspired to send her wife to America in July, 1910, and had refused to return to England.

BEDOUINS SEIZE EX-SULTAN.

Mulid Hafid Captured When on the Way to Mecca.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. MADRID, Nov. 11.—Advices received here today from Tangier say that Mulid Hafid, at one time Sultan of Morocco, has been captured by Bedouins. The ex-sultan was on a pilgrimage from Medina to Mecca.

Returning From Europe.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Among the passengers sailing from New York on the *Wabash* Monday are Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Schenck, H. B. Merritt and H. Danes of the Boston Opera Company.

Japanese Submarine Launched.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. HAVRE, Nov. 11.—A Japanese submarine of the *Laubout* type was launched here today in the presence of the Japanese Ambassador to France.

The influence of the "Tango"

They are lighter and more pliant of fabric, and a light fantastic touch has tailored them into the very poetry of motion.

They are quicker in their lines, more graceful, gliding over the polished floor of style like a yacht in light airs.

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